Name \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

The following definitions of task verbs that are commonly used in the free-response questions is taken from the Course and Exam Descriptions for AP chemistry.

**Calculate:** Perform mathematical steps to arrive at a final answer, including algebraic expressions, properly substituted numbers, and correct labeling of units and significant figures.

Describe: Provide the relevant characteristics of a specified topic.

**Determine:** Make a decision or arrive at a conclusion after reasoning, observation, or applying mathematical routines (calculations).

**Estimate:** Roughly calculate numerical quantities, values (greater than, equal to, less than), or signs (negative, positive) of quantities based on experimental evidence or provided data.

**Explain:** Provide information about how or why a relationship, process, pattern, position, situation, or outcome occurs, using evidence and/or reasoning to support or qualify a claim. Explain "how" typically requires analyzing the relationship, process, pattern, position, situation, or outcome; whereas, explain "why" typically requires analysis of motivations or reasons for the relationship, process, pattern, position, situation, or outcome. Also phrased as "give one reason."

**Identify/Indicate/Circle:** Indicate or provide information about a specified topic in words or by circling given information. Also phrased as "What is?" or "Which?" or other interrogatory words.

**Justify:** Provide evidence to support, qualify, or defend a claim and/or provide reasoning to explain how that evidence supports or qualifies the claim.

Make a claim: Make an assertion that is based on evidence or knowledge.

**Predict/Make a prediction:** Predict the causes or effects of a change in, or disruption to, one or more components in a relationship, pattern, process, or system.

**Represent/Draw/Write an Equation/Complete a Diagram:** Use appropriate graphs, symbols, words, and/or models to describe phenomena, characteristics, and/or relationships.

You will have a summative assessment over these definitions.

| Name |  |
|------|--|
|      |  |

Match the term with the action.

| the term w     | in the action.  |     |                           |
|----------------|---|-----|---------------------------|
| 1) Algebrai    | e expressions and properly substituted numbers                | A.  | Calculate                 |
| 2) Circling    | given information   | B.  | Describe                  |
| _3) Correct la | abeling of units and significant figures                      | C.  | Determine                 |
| _4) Decide of  | r arrive at a conclusion                                      | _   |                           |
| _5) Determin   | e if values are greater than, equal to, less than             | D.  | Estimate                  |
| _6) Determin   | e signs (negative, positive) of quantities based on           | E.  | Explain                   |
| experime       | ntal evidence or provided data                                | F.  | Explain "how"             |
| _7) Indicate   | or provide information about a specified topic in words       | G.  | Explain "why"             |
| 8) Make an     | assertion that is based on evidence or knowledge              | H.  | Identify/Indicate/Circle  |
|                | mathematical steps to arrive at a final answer                | I.  | Justify                   |
| _ ^            | ne causes or effects of a change in                           |     | •                         |
| _ ^            | he effects of a disruption to one or more components in a     | J.  | Make a claim              |
|                | nip, pattern, process, or system.                             | К.  | Predict/Make a prediction |
|                | evidence to support, qualify, or defend a claim               | L.  | Represent/Draw/Write an   |
|                | nformation about how or why a relationship, process, pattern, | Equ | ation/Complete a Diagram  |
| •              | situation, or outcome occurs                                  | 1   | 1 8                       |
|                | easoning to explain how that evidence supports or qualifies   |     |                           |
| the claim      |   |     |                           |
|                | he relevant characteristics of a specified topic              |     |                           |
|                | calculate numerical quantities                                |     |                           |
| 17) Typically  | requires analysis of motivations or reasons for the           |     |                           |
|                | nip, process, pattern, position, situation, or outcome. Also  |     |                           |
| -              | s "give one reason."  |     |                           |
| 18) Typically  | v requires analyzing the relationship, process, pattern,      |     |                           |
| position,      | situation, or outcome   |     |                           |
| _19) Use appr  | opriate graphs to describe phenomena                          |     |                           |
| _20) Use appr  | opriate models to describe relationships                      |     |                           |
| _21) Use appr  | opriate symbols and words to describe characteristics of a    |     |                           |
| object or      | process   |     |                           |
| _22) Using ev  | idence and/or reasoning to support or qualify a claim         |     |                           |